Dr. Don E. Galardi Reformed Theology Lesson Notes #2

## What Is Reformed Theology?

"Understanding the Five Solas of the Reformation" and "Sola Scriptura"

I. Noting the five solas	
A. Sola Scriptura	
B. Sola Gratia	
C. Sola Fide	
D. Solus Christus	
E. Soli Deo Gloria	
II. Historical Development	
A. Identified with the Reformation until	tion, but the <u>five</u> solas were not fully utilized as titles
1. Philip Melanchthon	
B. Theodore Engelder, 1916	
1. "The Three Principles of	f the Reformation."
C. Emil Brunner, 1934	
1. His substitution.	
D. Geoffrey Elton, 1958	
1. The great watch words.	
2. His commentary on Kar	l Barth's work.

A. Twentieth and twenty-first century development.
B. Rediscovery of the Reformation
IV. Sola Scriptura – or Scripture Alone
A. Scripture must govern all matters of f and p
1. Church tradition
2. The Bible is the chief I
3. Martin Luther's testimony.
<ul><li>B. The <u>material</u> and <u>formal</u> cause of the Protestant Reformation.</li><li>1. The <u>material cause</u></li></ul>
2. The <u>formal cause</u> .
3. Luther at Worms
C. Common misunderstanding.
1. Infallibility – The Roman and Protestant view
2. Both sides acknowledged the A of the B
a. The question was over – "Is the Bible the <u>o</u> i s of
special revelation?"
b. Rome's view
3. Note general and special revelation.

III. The significance of the Latin summary titles.

- a. <u>General Revelation</u> or <u>Natural Revelation</u> Romans 1:18-20
- b. Special Revelation –II Timothy 3:16
- 4. Sola Scriptura
  - a. Meaning of "alone"
  - b. John Calvin
- 5. II Timothy 3:16-17
  - a. THEOPNEUST.
- D. Infallibility
  - 1. Meaning
    - a. Romans 1:1
- E. Inerrancy
  - 1. Controversial
  - 2. Martin Luther
  - 3. Relationship to the original manuscripts
- F. Calvin on the canon.
  - 1.
  - 2. "recepimus"
- G. Luther

## H. Distinctions

- 1. The biblical canon
  - a. Biblical books
  - b. The Canon (Chart reproduced from Sproul, *Grace Unknown*, pg. 54)

The Canon

	Biblical Canon	Biblical Books
Roman Catholic View	infallible	infallible
Protestant View	fallible	infallible

- I. Proper interpretation
  - 1. Private interpretation
  - 2. Hermeneutics.
  - 3. Central Rule
  - 4. Genre
  - 5. The principle of literal interpretation
    - a. Sensus literalis
    - b. Luther
    - c. Ending of the "quadriga"
    - d. Grammatico-historical
      - 1. Luther