## **Sermon Notes**

## Exodus – The Revealing of God's Glory and His Design for the Chosen #95

"Standing in the Gap" -- Exodus 32:7-14

- I. Review and introduction.
  - A. Moses' mountaintop experience shifted to a spiritual low in the valley.
    - 1. The people had another idea about who and how to worship!
  - B. God broke the news to Moses.
    - 1. The sheep were restless and revelry was in the camp.
  - C. The text: Exodus 32:7-14
- II. Exposition
  - A. Exodus 32:7-8
    - 1. "Have corrupted themselves," verse 7.
      - a. Moral conduct is in view.
    - 2. They turned aside "quickly," verse 8.
      - a. Impatience is a familiar tendency among the people of God. If it sounds familiar, that is because we all have this trait.
      - b. Be careful of worshipping the <u>true</u> God <u>falsely</u>.
  - B. Exodus 32:9-10
    - 1. "Stiff-necked people"
      - a. Term refers to a "beast of burden."
      - b. First use of the term to describe Israel. It becomes the chief designation.
        - 1, Deut. 9:6,13; 10:16. See also Rom. 6:23; 2:5
    - 2. "I will make you a great nation," verse 10.
      - a. God desires to move the mediator to get involved.
      - b. The promise was given earlier to Abraham Gen. 12:2
  - C. Exodus 32:11-13
    - 1. An invitation to I\_\_\_\_\_\_ but also to E\_\_\_\_\_.
      - a. God was testing Moses.
      - b. Moses prayed 40 days Deuteronomy 9:25
      - c. There is no attempt to justify the people.

- D. Exodus 32:14
  - 1. Did God change His mind?
    - a. Peter Enns says yes.
  - 2. God's purpose was always to display mercy.
    - a. The Psalmist reflects on this event Ps 106:19-22.
    - b. Repent or moved with pity and to have compassion.
    - c. John MacKay.

## III. Special Focus

- A. A study in the mediatorial work of Moses.
  - 1. He did not m\_\_\_\_\_ Israel's sin.
    - a. He did not put the "best face on it."
    - b. God had the right to bring destruction.
  - 2. Note contrast of Moses' intervention with Abraham's intervention.
    - a. Abraham's prayer was based upon a righteous remnant of the people. There was none!
      - 1. Romans 3:10-11
- B. Moses' case Five compelling reasons for mercy. Adapted from Philip Ryken.
  - 1. God's fatherly affection Ex. 32:11; Ex. 4:22
    - a. True of us, too Eph 1:4; John 10:29b
  - 2. God's past investment Ex. 20:2
    - a. True of us, too Phil. 1:6
  - 3. God's public reputation
    - a. Save the people not for their sake, but for your s\_\_\_\_\_ Ex. 7:5; 32:12a
  - 4. God's merciful compassion Ps. 25:6; Neh 9:31
  - 5. God's everlasting covenant.
    - a. An argument based upon a promise.
    - b. True of us, too Heb. 13:20; II Tim 2:13
- IV. Point for Reflection.
  - A. Another mediator has arisen in the likeness of Moses, but His intercession is better and guaranteed in His own blood.
    - 1. See John 17:2,9,11; Rom 8:34; I John 2:1b-2a